

Rešenja zadatka za drugi kolokvijum iz Operativnih sistema 1 Septembar 2015.

1. (10 poena)

```
void Semaphore::wait (unsigned int n = 1) {
    lock(lck);
    val -= n;
    if (val<0) {
        Thread::running->waiting = -val;
        val = 0;
        block();
    }
    unlock(lck);
}

void Semaphore::signal () {
    lock(lck);
    Thread* thr = blocked.first();
    if (thr) { // There are blocked threads, val==0
        thr->waiting--;
        if (thr->waiting==0)
            deblock();
    } else // No blocked threads, val>=0
        val++;
    unlock(lck);
}
```

2. (10 poena)

Jednostavnije, ali manje efikasno rešenje:

```
// Helper: Try to join cur with the cur->next free segment:
int tryToJoin (FreeMem* cur) {
    if (!cur) return 0;
    if (cur->next && (char*)cur+cur->size == (char*)(cur->next)) {
        // Remove the cur->next segment:
        cur->size += cur->next->size;
        cur->next = cur->next->next;
        if (cur->next) cur->next->prev = cur;
        return 1;
    } else
        return 0;
}
```

```

int mem_free(char* addr, size_t size) {
    // Find the place where to insert the new free segment (just after cur):
    FreeMem* cur=0;
    if (!fmem_head || addr<(char*)fmem_head)
        cur = 0; // insert as the first
    else
        for (cur=fmem_head; cur->next!=0 && addr>(char*)(cur->next);
            cur=cur->next);

    // Insert the new segment after cur:
    FreeMem* newSeg = (FreeMem*)addr;
    newSeg->size = size;
    newSeg->prev = cur;
    if (cur) newSeg->next = cur->next;
    else newSeg->next = fmem_head;
    if (newSeg->next) newSeg->next->prev = newSeg;
    if (cur) cur->next = newSeg;
    else fmem_head = newSeg;

    // Try to merge with the previous and next segments:
    tryToJoin(newSeg);
    tryToJoin(cur);
}

```

Složenije, ali nešto efikasnije rešenje:

```

int mem_free(char* addr, size_t size) {
    // Find the place where to insert the new free segment (just after cur):
    FreeMem* cur=0;
    if (!fmem_head || addr<(char*)fmem_head)
        cur = 0; // insert as the first
    else
        for (cur=fmem_head; cur->next!=0 && addr>(char*)(cur->next);
            cur=cur->next);

    // Try to append it to the previous free segment cur:
    if (cur && (char*)cur+cur->size==addr) {
        cur->size+=size;
        // Try to join cur with the next free segment:
        if (cur->next && (char*)cur+cur->size == (char*)(cur->next)) {
            // Remove the cur->next segment:
            cur->size += cur->next->size;
            cur->next = cur->next->next;
            if (cur->next) cur->next->prev = cur;
        }
        return;
    }
    else

    // Try to append it to the next free segment:
    FreeMem* nxtSeg = cur?cur->next:fmem_head;
    if (nxtSeg && addr+size==(char*)nxtSeg) {
        FreeMem* newSeg = (FreeMem*)addr;
        newSeg->size = nxtSeg->size+size;
        newSeg->prev=nxtSeg->prev;
        newSeg->next=nxtSeg->next;
        if (nxtSeg->next) nxtSeg->next->prev = newSeg;
        if (nxtSeg->prev) nxtSeg->prev->next = newSeg;
        else fmem_head = newSeg;
        return;
    }
    else

    // No need to join; insert the new segment after cur:
    FreeMem* newSeg = (FreeMem*)addr;
    newSeg->size = size;
    newSeg->prev = cur;
    if (cur) newSeg->next = cur->next;
    else newSeg->next = fmem_head;
    if (newSeg->next) newSeg->next->prev = newSeg;
    if (cur) cur->next = newSeg;
    else fmem_head = newSeg;
}

```

3. (10 poena)

- a)(3) VA(60): Page1(16):Page2(16):Page3(16):Offset(12).
PA(42): Frame(30):Offset(12).
- b)(7)

```

const unsigned short pg1w = 16, pg2w = 16, pg3w = 16, offsw = 12;
const unsigned pmt1Size = 1U<<pg1w,
                pmt2Size = 1U<<pg2w, pmt3Size = 1U<<pg3w;
typedef unsigned long ulong;

void deallocateAllFrames (PCB* pcb) {
    if (pcb==0) return; // Exception

    // Traverse PMT1:
    unsigned* pmt1 = (unsigned*)((ulong)(pcb->pmt1)<<offsw);
    for (unsigned i1 = 0; i1<pmt1Size; i1++) {
        if (pmt1[i1]==0) continue;

        // Traverse PMT2:
        unsigned* pmt2 = (unsigned*)((ulong)(pmt1[i1])<<offsw);
        for (unsigned i2 = 0; i2<pmt2Size; i2++) {
            if (pmt2[i2]==0) continue;

            // Traverse PMT3:
            unsigned* pmt3 = (unsigned*)((ulong)(pmt2[i2])<<offsw);
            for (unsigned i3 = 0; i3<pmt3Size; i3++) {
                if (pmt3[i3]==0) continue;
                // Deallocate frame:
                unsigned frame = pmt3[i3]>>2;
                deallocateFrame(frame);
            }
        }
    }
}

```